

**MID DEVON DISTRICT COUNCIL**  
**LICENSING DEPARTMENT**

**PERMANENT RESIDENTIAL CARAVAN SITES**

**STANDARD CONDITIONS**

**SITE BOUNDARIES**

- 1 The boundaries of the site shall be clearly marked, for example by fences or hedges. In addition, the site owner shall give the local authority a plan of its layout. It is recommended that a three metre wide area shall be kept clear within the inside of all boundaries.

**DENSITY AND SPACE BETWEEN CARAVANS**

- 2 Subject to the following variations, every caravan shall be not less than 6 metres from any other caravan which is occupied separately and not less than 2 metres from a road. The point of measurement for porches, awnings, etc is the exterior cladding of the caravan.
  - ◆ Porches may protrude one metre into the 6 metres and shall be of the open type.
  - ◆ Where awnings are used, the distance between any part of the awning and an adjoining caravan shall not be less than 3 metres. They shall not be of the type which incorporates sleeping accommodation and they shall not face each other or touch.
  - ◆ Eaves, drainpipes and bay windows may extend into the 6 metre space provided the total distance between the extremities of 2 adjacent units is not less than 5.25 metres.
  - ◆ Where there are ramps for the disabled, verandahs and stairs extending from the unit, there shall be 4.5 metres clear space between them and 2 such items shall not face each other in any space. If they are enclosed, they may need to be considered as part of the unit and, as such, shall not intrude into the 6 metre space.
  - ◆ A garage, a shed or a covered storage space shall be permitted between units only if it is of non-combustible construction (including non-combustible roof) and sufficient space is maintained around each unit so as not to prejudice means of escape in case of fire. Windows in such structures shall not face towards the unit on either side. Car ports and covered walkways shall in no circumstances be allowed within the 6 metre space. For cars and boats between units, see standard (27).
- 3 The density shall be consistent with safety standards and health and safety requirements. The gross density shall not exceed 50 caravans to the hectare, calculated on the basis of the useable area (ie excluding lakes, roads, communal services and other areas unsuitable for the siting of caravans) rather than the total site area.

**ROADS, GATEWAYS AND FOOTPATHS**

- 4 Roads and footpaths shall be designed to provide adequate access for fire appliances. (Detailed guidance on turning circles, etc is available from fire authorities). Roads of suitable material shall be provided so that no caravan standing is more than 50 metres from a road. Where the approach to the caravan is across ground that may become difficult or dangerous to negotiate in wet weather, each standing shall be connected to a carriageway by a footpath with a hard surface. Roads shall not be less than 3.7 metres wide, or, if they form part of a clearly-marked one way traffic system, 3 metres wide. Gateways shall be a minimum of 3.1 metres wide and have a minimum height clearance of 3.7 metres. Footpaths shall not be less than 0.75 metres wide. Roads shall have no overhead cables less than 4.5 metres above the ground. Roads and footpaths shall be suitably lit. Emergency vehicle routes within the site shall be kept clear of obstruction at all times.

**HARD STANDINGS**

- 5 Every caravan shall stand on a concrete hard-standing which shall extend over the whole area occupied by the caravan placed upon it and should project a sufficient distance outwards from its entrance or entrances to enable occupants to enter and leave safely.

## **FIRE FIGHTING APPLIANCES**

### **Fire Points**

- 6 These shall be established so that no caravan or site building is more than 30 metres from a fire point. They shall be housed in a weather-proof structure, easily accessible and clearly and conspicuously marked "FIRE POINT".

### **Fire Fighting Equipment**

- 7 Where water standpipes are provided and there is a water supply of sufficient pressure and flow to project a jet of water approximately 5 metres from the nozzle, such water standpipes shall be situated at each fire point. There shall also be a reel that complies with British Standard 5306 Part 1, with a hose not less than 30 metres long, having a means of connection to a water standpipe (preferably a screw thread connection) with a water supply of sufficient pressure and terminating in a small hand control nozzle. Hoses shall be housed in a box painted red and marked "HOSE REEL".
- 8 Where standpipes are not provided but there is a water supply of sufficient pressure and flow, fire hydrants shall be installed within 100 metres of every caravan standing. Hydrants shall conform to British Standard 750. Access to hydrants and other water supplies shall not be obstructed or obscured.
- 9 Where standpipes are not provided or the water pressure or flow is not sufficient, each fire point shall be provided with either water extinguishers (2 x 9 litre) or a water tank of at least 500 litres capacity fitted with a hinged cover, 2 buckets and 1 hand pump or bucket pump.

## **FIRE WARNING**

- 10 A means of raising the alarm in the event of a fire shall be provided at each fire point. This could be by means of a manually operated sounder, eg metal triangle with a striker, gong or hand operated siren. The advice of the fire authority shall be sought on an appropriate system.

## **MAINTENANCE**

- 11 All alarm and fire fighting equipment shall be installed, tested and maintained in working order by a competent person and be available for inspection by, or on behalf of, the licensing authority. A log book shall be kept to record all tests and any remedial action.
- 12 All equipment susceptible to damage by frost shall be suitably protected.

## **FIRE NOTICES**

- 13 A clearly written and conspicuous notice shall be provided and maintained at each fire point to indicate the action to be taken in case of a fire and the location of the nearest telephone. This notice shall include the following:

"On discovering a fire

- i ensure the caravan or site building involved is evacuated
- ii raise the alarm
- iii call the fire brigade (the nearest telephone is sited .....)
- iv attack the fire using the fire fighting equipment provided, if safe to do so.

It is in the interest of all occupiers of this site to be familiar with the above routine and the method of operating the fire alarm and fire fighting equipment."

## **FIRE HAZARDS**

- 14 Long grass and vegetation shall be cut at frequent and regular intervals where necessary to prevent it becoming a fire hazard to caravans, buildings or other installations on the site. Any such cuttings shall be removed from the vicinity of caravans. The space beneath and between caravans shall not be used for the storage of combustible materials.

## **TELEPHONES**

- 15 An immediately accessible telephone shall be available on the site for calling the emergency

services. A notice by the telephone shall include the address of the site.

## **NATURAL GAS AND LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG) INSTALLATION AND STORAGE**

- 16 LPG storage supplied from tanks shall comply with Guidance Booklet HSG 34 "The Storage of LPG at Fixed Installations" or, where LPG is supplied from cylinders, with Guidance Note CS4 "The Keeping of LPG in Cylinders and Similar Containers" as appropriate.

Where there are metered supplies from a common LPG storage tank, then Guidance Note CS11 "The Storage and Use of LPG at Metered Estates" provides further guidance. In this case and where a British Gas mains supply is available, then the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994 and the Pipe-lines Act 1962 may also be applicable.

Exposed gas bottles or cylinders shall not be within the separation boundary of an adjoining unit.

LPG installations shall conform to British Standard 5482, "Code of practice for domestic butane and propane gas burning installations, Part 2: 1977 Installations in Caravans and non-permanent dwellings".

For mains gas supply, the 1994 Regulations will be relevant for the installation downstream of any service pipe(s) supplying any primary meter(s) and such service pipes are subject to the Gas Safety Regulations 1972.

Site Operators must have all gas appliances installed on their site serviced annually by a business or person registered with CORGI. Service records must be kept available for Local Authority scrutiny, or by any tenant on request.

In cases where the site owner supplies gas to caravans on the site, he may need an authorisation to do so from OFGAS under the Gas Act 1986.

## **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS**

- 17 Sites shall be provided with an electricity supply sufficient in all respects to meet all reasonable demands of the caravans situated on them.

- 18 Any electrical installations, which are not Electricity Board works and circuits subject to regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 16 of the Energy Act 1983 and section 64 of the Electricity Act 1947, should be installed, tested and maintained in accordance with the provisions of the Institution of Electrical Engineers' (IEE) Regulations for Electrical Installations for the time being in force, and where appropriate, to the standard which should be acceptable for the purposes of the Electricity (Overhead Lines) Regulations 1988, SI 1988 No 1057.

- 19 Work on electrical installations and appliances should be carried out only by competent persons such as the manufacturer's appointed agent, the electricity supplier, a professionally qualified electrical engineer, a member of the Electrical Contractors' Association, a contractor approved by the National Inspection Council for Electrical Installation Contracting, or a qualified person acting on behalf of one of the above. The installations should be inspected periodically: under IEE Wiring Regulations, every year or such longer period (not exceeding 3 years) as is considered appropriate in each case. When an installation is inspected, it shall be judged against the current regulations.

The inspector shall, within one month of such an inspection, issue an inspection certificate in the form prescribed in the IEE Wiring Regulations which shall be retained by the site operator and displayed, supplemented or replaced by subsequent certificates, with the site licence. The cost of the inspection and report shall be met by the site operator or licence holder.

- 20 If an inspection reveals that an installation no longer complies with the regulations extant at the time it was first installed, any deficiencies shall be rectified. Any major alterations and extensions to an installation and all parts of the existing installation affected by them shall comply with the latest version of the IEE Wiring Regulations.

- 21 If there are overhead electric lines on the site, suitable warning notices shall be displayed at the entrance to the site and on supports for the line. Where appropriate, particular attention shall be drawn to the danger of masts of yachts or dinghies contacting the line.

## **WATER SUPPLY**

- 22 All parks shall be provided with a water supply in accordance with appropriate Water Byelaws and statutory quality standards.

## **DRAINAGE, SANITATION AND WASHING FACILITIES**

- 23 Satisfactory provision shall be made for foul drainage, either by connection to a public sewer or sewage treatment works or by discharge to a properly constructed septic tank or cesspool approved by the local authority.
- 24 Each caravan shall have its own water supply and water closet. Each caravan standing shall be provided with a connection to the foul drainage system; the connection shall be capable of being made air-tight when not in use.
- 25 Every site and every hard standing shall be provided with an adequate drainage system for the complete and hygienic disposal of foul, rain and surface water from the site, buildings, caravans, roads and footpaths.

## **REFUSE DISPOSAL**

- 26 Every caravan standing shall have an adequate number of suitable non-combustible refuse bins with close-fitting lids or plastic bags. Arrangements shall be made for the bins to be emptied regularly. Where communal refuse bins are also provided these shall be of similar construction and housed within a properly constructed bin store.

## **PARKING**

- 27 One car only may be parked between adjoining caravans provided that the door to the caravan is not obstructed. Suitably surfaced parking spaces shall be provided where necessary to meet the additional requirements of the occupants and their visitors. Plastic or wooden boats shall not be parked between units.

## **RECREATION SPACE**

- 28 Where children live on the site, space equivalent to about one-tenth of the total area shall be allocated for children's games and/or other recreational purposes. This provision will normally be necessary because of the limited space available round the caravans but may be omitted where there are suitable alternative publicly provided recreational facilities which are readily accessible.

## **NOTICES**

- 29 A suitable sign shall be prominently displayed at the site entrance indicating the name of the site.
- 30 A copy of the site licence with its conditions shall be displayed prominently on the site.
- 31 Notices and a plan shall be displayed on the site setting out the action to be taken in the event of an emergency. They shall show where the police, fire brigade, ambulance and local doctors can be contacted and the location of the nearest public telephone. The notices shall also give the name and location/telephone number of the site licence holder or his/her accredited representative. At sites subject to flood risk, warning notices shall be displayed giving advice about the operation of the flood warning system.
- 32 All notices shall be suitably protected from the weather and displayed where possible out of the direct rays of the sun, preferably in areas lit by artificial lighting.

**MID DEVON DISTRICT COUNCIL  
LICENSING DEPARTMENT  
PHOENIX HOUSE, PHOENIX LANE  
TIVERTON  
DEVON EX16 6PP**

**TELEPHONE NO: 01884 255255 FAX NO: 01884 234256**